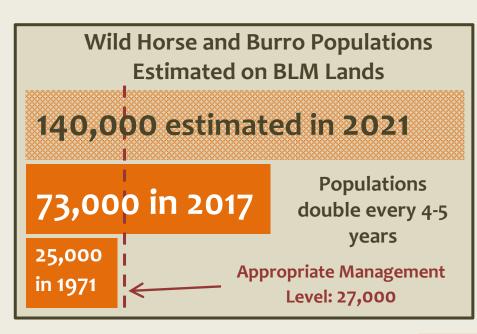




NATIONAL HORSE & BURRO RANGELAND MANAGEMENT COALITION

Advocating for commonsense, ecologically-sound approaches to managing horses and burros to promote healthy wildlife and rangelands for future generations

Horses and Burros: Overview



The majority of wild horses and burros on public land reside on Bureau of Land Management (BLM) lands.

There are 177 HMAs on BLM land, amounting to 31.6 million acres.

Herd Management Areas (HMA) are areas currently managed for wild horses and burros. HMAs are based on where viable populations of horses and burros roamed in 1971.

BLM scientists establish **Appropriate Management Levels (AML)** for HMAs to promote healthy conditions & thriving ecological balance.

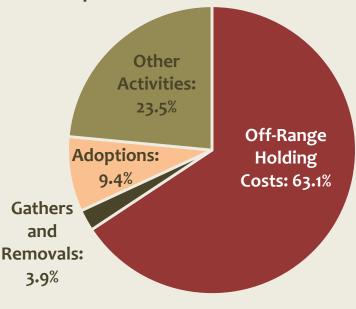
Burros Act of 1971 directs U.S. federal agencies to manage wild herds to "maintain a thriving natural ecological balance and multiple-use relationship.

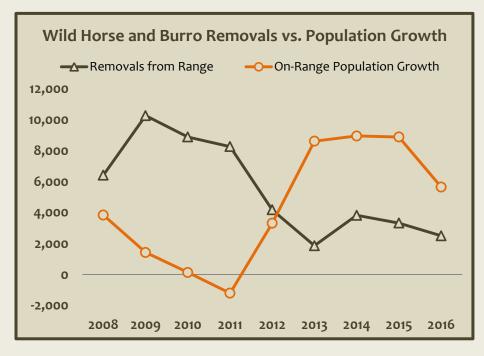
The Wild Free-Roaming Horses and

BLM Wild Horse and Burro Program Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2016



Over-population of horses can lead to a depletion of food and water resources. (Ostermann-Kelm 2009)





In fiscal year 2016, off-range holding costs accounted for 63% of the total Wild Horse and Burro Program budget

In fiscal year 2003, off-range holding costs totaled \$16 million. Today, off-range holding costs total nearly

\$50 million

Over the last 10 years, horse adoptions have declined by nearly 70%

There are a total of 46,015 wild horses and burros living in BLM off-range holding facilities as of March 2017.

- 70% in off-range pastures
- 29% in off-range corrals
- 1% in eco-sanctuaries

In fiscal year 2016, 3,116 horses and burros were placed into private care, while on-range population grew by more than 6,000.

- 2,912 adoptions
- 204 sales

Due to the high cost of caring for animals, BLM is now only removing as many animals from the range as can be adopted, leaving more excess horses on the rangelands

What about Fertility Control?

The current available fertility control vaccine (procine zona pellucida) is only effective for 22 months and must be hand-injected into a wild horse. A second formulation can be deployed via ground darting, but is only effective for one year. Alternative methods are being researched.

Since 2012, BLM has applied PZP to 2,574 horses.

United States Department of the Interior. Bureau of Land Management. Wild Horse and Burro Quick Facts. 2016.

http://www.blm.gov/wo/st/en/prog/whbprogram/history_and_facts/quick_facts.html Accessed March 2016.

Osterman-Kelm, S., E.A. Atwill, E.S. Rubin, L.E. Hendrickson, and W.M. Boyce. 2009. Impacts of feral horses on a desert environment. BioMed Central Ecology 9(22)

American Farm Bureau Federation • American Sheep Industry Association • Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation Masters of Foxhounds Association • Mule Deer Foundation • National Association of Conservation Districts National Association of Counties • National Association of State Departments of Agriculture National Cattlemen's Beef Association • National Rifle Association • National Wildlife Refuge Association Public Lands Council • Public Lands Foundation • Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation • Safari Club International Society for Range Management • The Wildlife Society • Wild Sheep Foundation